

Mouse Anti-Glucuronidase β [MD432]: MC0687, MC0687RTU7

Intended Use: For Research Use Only

Description: Glucuronidases β are members of the glycosidase family of enzymes that catalyze breakdown of complex carbohydrates. Human β -glucuronidase is a type of glucuronidase that catalyzes hydrolysis of β -D-glucuronic acid residues from the non-reducing end of mucopolysaccharides as heparan sulfate. Beta-glucuronidase plays a crucial role in glucuronide hydrolysis, supporting detoxification and excretion of endogenous and exogenous compounds. Glucuronidases β deficiencies cause mucopolysaccharidosis type VII, a lysosomal storage disorder marked by glycosaminoglycan buildup, resulting in severe physiological effects. Beta-glucuronidase forms a homotetramer, with each subunit containing a jelly roll barrel, an immunoglobulin constant domain, and a TIM barrel essential for catalytic function. Glu 451 and Glu 540 residues are critical for enzymatic activity, and mutations at these sites can disrupt structure and function. Beta-glucuronidase regulation influences tumorigenesis and cancer invasiveness, making beta-glucuronidase a potential therapeutic target.

Specifications:

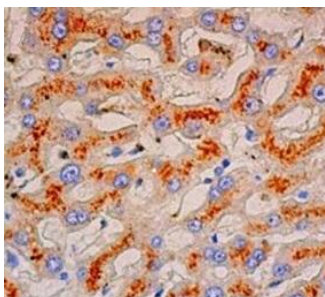
Clone:	MD432
Source:	Mouse
Isotype:	IgG1k
Immunogen:	Human β -glucuronidase C-terminus aa 352-651
Reactivity:	Human
Localization:	Cytoplasm
Formulation:	Purified antibody in PBS pH7.4, containing BSA and $\leq 0.09\%$ sodium azide (NaN ₃)
Storage:	Store at 2°- 8°C
Applications:	IHC, ELISA, IF, IP, WB
Package:	

Description	Catalog No.	Size
Glucuronidase β [MD432] Concentrated	MC0687	1 ml
Glucuronidase β [MD432] Prediluted	MC0687RTU7	7 ml

IHC Procedure*:

Positive Control Tissue:	Liver, kidney, prostate carcinoma
Concentrated Dilution:	25-200
Pretreatment:	Tris EDTA pH9.0, 15 minutes Pressure Cooker or 30-60 minutes water bath at 95°-99°C
Incubation Time and Temp:	30-60 minutes at RT
Detection:	Refer to the detection system manual

* Result should be confirmed by an established diagnostic procedure.



FFPE human liver stained with anti-Glucuronidase β using DAB

References:

1. Decreased Tissue Omega-6/Omega-3 Fatty Acid Ratio Prevents Chemotherapy-Induced Gastrointestinal Toxicity Associated with Alterations of Gut Microbiome. Kanakaraju Kaliannan, et al. Int J Mol Sci. May 10;23(10):5332, 2022.
2. Targeted inhibition of gut bacterial β -glucuronidase activity enhances anticancer drug efficacy. Aadra P, et al. Microbiology. March 13, 117 (13) 7374-7381, 2020. doi.org/10.1073/pnas.1918095117.
3. Histochemical Staining of β -Glucuronidase and Its Spatial Quantification. Chloé Béziat, et al. Methods Mol Biol. 1497:73-80, 2017. doi: 10.1007/978-1-4939-6469-7_8.

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Rev. A

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