## Mouse Anti-ERCC1 [D10]: MC0018, MC0018RTU7

## Intended Use: For Research Use Only

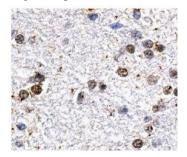
**Description:** Excision Repair Cross Complementing 1 (ERCC1) is a mammalian nucleotide excision repair (NER) enzyme involved in repair of damaged DNA. ERCC1 is a homologous to RAD10 in Saccharomyces cerevisiae, which is required in mitotic intrachromosomal recombination and repair. ERCC1 is required in repair of cisplatin-induced DNA adducts and ultraviolet (UV)-induced DNA damage. High expression of ERCC1 has been linked to tumor progression in a variety of cancers including non-small cell lung cancer (NSCLC), squamous cell carcinoma of the head, ovarian cancer and esophageal cancer.

Specifications:			
Clone:	D10		
Source:	Mouse		
Isotype:	IgG2b/k		
Reactivity:	Human, mouse, rat		
Immunogen:	Human ERCC1 aa 1-297		
Localization:	Nucleus		
Formulation:	Antibody in PBS pH7.4, containing BSA and $\leq 0.09\%$ sodium azide (NaN3)		
Storage:	Store at 2°- 8°C		
Applications:	IHC, ELISA, ICC/IF, IP, WB		
Package:			
Description	Catalog N	0.	Size

Description	Catalog 100.	Size
ERCC1 Concentrated	MC0018	1 ml
ERCC1 Prediluted	MC0018RTU7	7 ml

## **IHC Procedure\*:**

Positive Control Tissue:	GI tract, lung cancer	
Concentrated Dilution:	25-200	
Pretreatment:	Tris EDTA pH9.0, 15 minutes Pressure Cooker or 30-60 minutes water bath at 95°-99°C	
Incubation Time and Temp:	30-60 minutes @ RT	
Detection:	Refer to the detection system manual	
* Result should be confirmed by an established diagnostic procedure.		



FFPE human brain stained with anti-ERCC1 using DAB

## **References:**

- Expression of excision repair cross-complementation group 1 and class III β-tubulin in thymic carcinoma. Okuda K, et al. Oncol Lett 13:3144-3150, 2017.
- 2. Effects of p38MAPK-mediated excision repair cross-complementation 1 expression on prognosis of patients with nonsmall cell lung cancer. He D, et al. Oncol Lett 14:3463-3472, 2017.
- 3. High excision repair cross-complementation group 1 expression is associated with favorable prognostic factors in breast cancer. Kim DH, et al. Oncol Lett 14:4995-5003, 2017.

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