



## Rabbit Anti-ER [SP1]: RM0248, RM0248RTU7

**Intended Use:** For Research Use Only

**Description:** Estrogen Receptor Alpha (ER or ER Alpha) is a nuclear protein and member of the steroid hormone receptor family. ER alpha possesses both DNA binding and ligand binding domains, and exerts a significant role in activating the transcription of certain genes. Ligand-dependent dimerization and phosphorylation both function to regulate the transcriptional activation of ER alpha.

## **Specifications:**

Clone: SP1
Source: Rabbit
Isotype: IgG
Reactivity: Human

Immunogen: Synthetic peptide derived from C-terminal of human ER

Localization: Nucleus

Formulation: Antibody in PBS pH7.4, containing BSA and ≤ 0.09% sodium azide (NaN3)

Storage: Store at 2°-8°C

Applications: IHC, Flow Cyt., ICC/IF, WB

Package:

Description	Catalog No.	Size
ER Concentrated	RM0248	1 ml
ER Prediluted	RM0248RTU7	7 ml

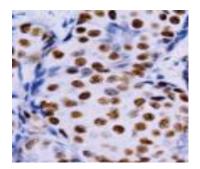
## IHC Procedure\*:

Positive Control Tissue: Breast cancer Concentrated Dilution: 25-100

Pretreatment: Citrate pH6.0, 15 minutes Pressure Cooker or 30-60 minutes water bath at 95°-99°C

Incubation Time and Temp: 30-60 minutes @ RT

Detection: Refer to the detection system manual \* Result should be confirmed by an established diagnostic procedure.



FFPE human breast carcinoma stained with anti-ER using DAB

## **References:**

- 1. TGF-ß Stimulation of EMT Programs Elicits Non-genomic ER-a Activity and Anti-estrogen Resistance in Breast Cancer Cells. Tian M, et al. J Cancer Metastasis Treat 3:150-160, 2017.
- 2. Capturing tumor complexity in vitro: Comparative analysis of 2D and 3D tumor models for drug discovery. Stock K, et al. Sci Rep 6:28951, 2016.
- 3. Identifying a Highly-Aggressive DCIS Subgroup by Studying Intra-Individual DCIS Heterogeneity among Invasive Breast Cancer Patients. Pape-Zambito D, et al. PLoS One 9:e100488, 2014.

Doc. 100-RM0248