



Mouse Anti-Cytokeratin [AE1&AE3]: MC0115, MC115RTU7

Intended Use: For Research Use Only

Description: The antibody cocktail labels simple epithelia and their tumors including cytokeratins expressed in complex stratified squamous epithelia. Positive results aid in the classification of normal and a wide range of neoplastic tissues as epithelial in origin. This antibody serves as first tier antibody for differentiation of undifferentiated neoplasm. Pan Cytokeratin clone AE1/AE3 antibody may be used with a panel of antibodies for differential diagnosis, e.g. Breast vs. lung or liver: CK7, AE1/AE3, CEA, GCDFP-15, TTF-1; Renal vs. lung or liver: AE1/AE3, CEA, TTF-1, Renal Cell Ag; Seminoma vs. lung or liver: CAM5.2, AE1/AE3, PLAP, EMA, CD30; Embryonal germ cell vs. lung or liver: AE1/AE3, TTF-1, CK7, PLAP, CD30.

Specifications:

Clone: AE1&AE3
Source: Mouse
Isotype: IgG1k

Reactivity: Human, mouse, rat, rabbit, monkey, cow, dog, chicken

Immunogen: Human epidermal keratin

Localization: Cytoplasm

Formulation: Antibody in PBS pH7.4, containing BSA and ≤ 0.09% sodium azide (NaN3)

Storage: Store at 2°-8°C

Applications: IHC, Flow Cyt., ICC/IF, WB

Package:

Description	Catalog No.	Size	
Cytokeratin [AE1&AE3] Concentrated	MC0115	1ml	
Cytokeratin [AE1&AE3] Prediluted	MC0115RTU7	7ml	

IHC Procedure*:

Positive Control Tissue: Tissue with epithelial cells (e.g. Cervix, GI track, skin, tonsil)

Concentrated Dilution: 100-300

Pretreatment: Tris EDTA pH9.0, 15 minutes Pressure Cooker or 30-60 minutes water bath at 95°-99°C

Incubation Time and Temp: 30-60 minutes @ RT

Detection: Refer to the detection system manual * Result should be confirmed by an established diagnostic procedure.

FFPE human colon stained with anti-CK [AE1&AE3] using DAB

References:

- 1. Aberrant nonfibrotic parenchyma in idiopathic pulmonary fibrosis is correlated with decreased β-catenin inhibition and increased Wnt5a/b interaction. Rydell-Törmänen K, et al. Physiol Rep 4:N/A, 2016.
- 2. Tenfibgen ligand nanoencapsulation delivers bi-functional anti-CK2 RNAi oligomer to key sites for prostate cancer targeting using human xenograft tumors in mice. Trembley JH, et al. PLoS One 9:e109970, 2014.
- 3. Combined fiber modifications both to target a(v)ß(6) and detarget the coxsackievirus-adenovirus receptor improve virus toxicity profiles in vivo but fail to improve antitumoral efficacy relative to adenovirus serotype 5. Coughlan L, et al. Hum Gene Ther 23:960-79, 2012.

Doc. 100-MC0115