

Enable Innovation DATA SHEET

Rabbit Anti-CD194/CCR4 Polyclonal: RC0015

Intended Use: For Research Use Only

Description: Predominantly expressed in the thymus, in peripheral blood leukocytes, including T-cells, mostly CD4+ cells, and basophils, and in platelets; at lower levels, in the spleen and in monocytes. Detected also in macrophages, IL-2-activated natural killer cells and skin-homing memory T-cells, mostly the ones expressing the cutaneous lymphocyte antigen (CLA). Expressed in brain microvascular and coronary artery endothelial cells. High affinity receptor for the C-C type chemokines CCL17/TARC and CCL22/MDC. The activity of this receptor is mediated by G(i) proteins which activate a phosphatidylinositol-calcium second messenger system. Can function as a chemoattractant homing receptor on circulating memory lymphocytes and as a coreceptor for some primary HIV-2 isolates. In the CNS, could mediate hippocampal-neuron survival.

Specifications:

Clone: Polyclonal Source: Rabbit Isotype: IgG

Reactivity: Human, mouse, rat

Immunogen: Synthesized peptide derived from human CCR4

Localization: Membrane

Formulation: Antibody in PBS pH7.4, containing BSA and ≤ 0.09% sodium azide (NaN3)

Storage: Store at 2°-8°C Applications: IHC, ELISA, WB

Package:

Description	Catalog No.	Size
CD194/CCR4 Concentrated	RC0015	1 ml

IHC Procedure*:

Positive Control Tissue: Human hepatitides tissue and rat exfoliated cells tissue

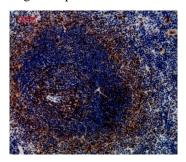
Concentrated Dilution: 10-100

Pretreatment: Citrate pH6.0 or EDTA pH8.0, 15 minutes using Pressure Cooker, or 30-60 minutes

using water bath at 95°-99°C

Incubation Time and Temp: Overnight @ 4°C

Detection: Refer to the detection system manual * Result should be confirmed by an established diagnostic procedure.



FFPE human spleen stained with anti-CCR4 using DAB

References

- 1. IMM-H004 Protects against Cerebral Ischemia Injury and Cardiopulmonary Complications via CKLF1 Mediated Inflammation Pathway in Adult and Aged Rats. Ai Q, et al. Int J Mol Sci 20:N/A, 2019.
- 2. IMM-H004 therapy for permanent focal ischemic cerebral injury via CKLF1/CCR4-mediated NLRP3 inflammasome activation. Ai QD, et al. Transl Res 212:36-53, 2019.
- 3. CCR4 promotes metastasis via ERK/NF-?B/MMP13 pathway and acts downstream of TNF-a in colorectal cancer. Ou B, et al. Oncotarget 7:47637-47649, 2016.

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